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| Pre-requisite module code(s) | Co-requisite module code(s) | ECTS credits | Module code | Module title | Revision date |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|-------------|----------------------------------|------------------|
| | | 5 | NIMT 1001 | Antennas – Design and Technology | 17.01.12 |

Module authors:

Dr Steve Best, Prof Vince Fusco, Prof Max Ammann

Module Description:

This module is an introduction to modern Antennas - Design and Technology

Module aim:

The aim of this module is to provide a broad understanding of antenna theory, design and practice with respect to real world wireless communications systems and devices and to understand the building blocks and design process for fundamental antenna elements

Modelling,

Learning Outcomes:

On completion of this module, the learner will be able to:

• Describe fundamental and advanced concepts associated with antenna design, performance and operation within real world environments

- Identify a broad spectrum of antenna types used in today's wireless communications markets
- Evaluate properties of antennas with a detailed knowledge of factual and fundamental antenna theory
- · Evaluate advanced performance trade-offs associated with antenna design
- Use advanced electromagnetic simulation software and model a family of antenna types.
- Design antenna elements for modern wireless systems
- Discuss the theories associated with the implementation of phased array antenna systems
- Describe how antenna performance and the RF propagation environment impact wireless communication system performance

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| | | 5 | | Antennas Design and Technology | 17 01 12 | | | | |
| | | 5 | | Antennas – Design and Teennology | 17.01.12 | | | | |
| Learning and | d Teaching N | lethod | s: | | | | | | |
| This module will be delivered as a series of lectures supported by laboratory exercises. | | | | | | | | | |
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| Module content: | | | | | | | | | |
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| Basic Antenna Concepts | | | | | | | | | |
| • Definitions of basic antenna properties: impedance, VSWR, Q, bandwidth, directivity, gain, radiation patterns, | | | | | | | | | |
| polarization, etc. | | | | | | | | | |
| Resonant ante | nnas • Traveling | wave ar | ntennas • Freg | uency Independent antennas • Aperture antenna | s• | | | | |
| Phased arrays • | Electrically smal | ll antenn | as • Circularly | polarized antennas | 0 | | | | |
| Classification of | of Antenna Type | s | | | | | | | |
| • By frequency • | By size • By dire | ectivity | | | | | | | |
| Fundamental A | ntenna Element | ts | | | | | | | |
| • The monopole | • The dipole • Th | ne loop • | The folded dip | pole • The slot | | | | | |
| Microstrip Ante | ennas | | | | | | | | |
| • Element types | Microstrip elem | nent desi | ign • Design tr | ade-offs • Designing an 802.11 microstrip patch | | | | | |
| Baluns | | | | | | | | | |
| Ground Plane C | Considerations | | | | | | | | |
| • Vertically polar | ized antennas • I | horizonta | ally polarized a | antennas • The impact of the surrounding environ | ment on | | | | |
| antenna perform | ance | | | | | | | | |
| Circularly Pola | rized Antennas | | | <u>-</u> | | | | | |
| Achieving circular polarization The helix antenna The crossed dipole antenna The microstrip patch The quadrifilar helix | | | | | | | | | |
| Aperture Anten | nas | | | | | | | | |
| Aperture desig | n concepts • The | e horn ar | ntenna • The re | eflector antenna • The corner reflector | | | | | |
| Impedance Mat | ching | | | | | | | | |
| Impedance ma | tching networks | | | | | | | | |
| Broadband Ant | ennas | | | | | | | | |
| Monopole conf | igurations • Feed | d conside | erations • Dipc | le configurations • Bandwidth improvement techr | iques | | | | |
| Frequency Inde | ependent Anten | nas | | | | | | | |
| The log-periodi | ic antenna • The | spiral ar | ntenna | | | | | | |
| Electrically Sm | all Antennas | | | | | | | | |
| Impedance, bandwidth and quality factor of antennas • Defining electrically small • Fundamental performance limitations • The small dipole • The small loop • Design and Optimization of small antennas | | | | | | | | | |
| Antenna Arrays | 6 | | | | | | | | |
| Fundamental a shaping concept Beamforming | rray theory • Typ ts • Performance | bes of an trade-of | tenna arrays • fs • Microstrip | Feed network design considerations • Beam ste patch arrays • Dipole element arrays • Digital | ering and | | | | |
| Friis and Radar | Range Equatio | ons | | | | | | | |
| The communication link • Understanding and calculating path loss | | | | | | | | | |
| Receive and Scattering Properties of Antenna | | | | | | | | | |
| How does an antenna capture power • Aperture area and efficiency • Coupling between antennas • Antenna noise temperature | | | | | | | | | |
| Fractal Antenna | | | | | | | | | |
| Fractal antenna | a types • Perform | nance pr | operties of fra- | ctal antennas | | | | | |
| RFID Antennas | | | | | | | | | |
| • REID system basics • Performance properties of REID antennas | | | | | | | | | |
| Ultra Wideband (UWB) Antennas | | | | | | | | | |
| • Time domain c | onsiderations in | antenna | desian • Ante | nna performance requirements in UWB systems | | | | | |
| Low Profile Antennas | | | | | | | | | |
| • The inverted I | and inverted F a | Intennas | • The planar i | nverted F antenna (PIFA) | | | | | |
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Device Integrated Antennas

· Antennas commonly used in wireless device applications

Electronic Bandgap Materials

• What are EBG materials? • Limitations of perfectly conducting (PEC) ground planes • Advantages of EBG ground planes

Numerical Modeling of Antennas

• Software packages • Comparison with measurements

Propagation Channel Considerations

• RF path loss • Reflection, multipath and fading • Noise and interference • Polarization distortion • Diversity implementation

Types of Antennas used in Communications Systems

• Wireless base station antennas • Wireless handset and portable device antennas • GPS antennas • HF, UHF and VHF communication antennas • Earth station and satellite communication antennas

Laboratory work

- Introduction to electromagnetic modelling
- Antenna design and modelling
- Antenna prototyping
- Antenna measurements

Module Assessment:

Students' performance in reaching the learning outcomes for this module will be assessed by

(1) Laboratory, accounting for 25% of the overall mark and is continuously assessed throughout the module.

(2) Assignments accounting for 25%

(2) Written examination at the end of the Module, 2 hour exam, accounting for 50% of the overall module mark. The pass mark is 40%

Essential reading:

Text:

Antenna Theory – Analysis and Design, C. A. Balanis ISBN : 0-471-66782-X

Foundations of Antenna Theory and Techniques: Vincent F Fusco: Pearson Education, Prentice Hall, ISBN 0 130 26267 6, 2005.

Supplemental reading:

Antennas - John Kraus, Ronald Marhefka, ISBN: 9780071122405

Further Details:

Duration of module: 1 week contact +pre-requisite study+ assignments + exam Pre-requisite independent study 15 hours Contact hours: 20 hrs lectures Laboratory work 15 hrs Assignments 10 hrs Exam independent study 10 hrs

Date of Academic Council approval